1	н. в. 4327
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3	(By Delegates Hatfield, D. Poling, Brown
4	and Staggers)
5	[Introduced January 27, 2012; referred to the
6	Committee on Health and Human Resources then the Judiciary.]
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10	A BILL to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by
11	adding thereto a new article, designated \$16-44-1 and
12	\$16-44-2, all relating to requiring pulse oximetry testing for
13	newborns.
14	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
15	That the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended
16	by adding thereto a new article, designated $\$16-44-1$ and $\$16-44-2$,
17	all to read as follows:
18	ARTICLE 44. THE PULSE OXIMETRY NEWBORN TESTING ACT.
19	§16-44-1. Legislative findings.
20	The Legislature finds and declares that:
21	(1) Congenital heart defects are structural abnormalities of
22	the heart that are present at birth; congenital heart defects range
23	in severity from simple problems such as holes between chambers of

- 1 the heart, to severe malformations, such as the complete absence of
- 2 one or more chambers or valves; some critical congenital heart
- 3 defects can cause severe and life-threatening symptoms which
- 4 require intervention within the first days of life;
- 5 (2) According to the United States Secretary of Health and
- 6 Human Services' Advisory Committee on Heritable Disorders in
- 7 Newborns and Children, congenital heart disease affects
- 8 approximately seven to nine of every thousand live births in the
- 9 United States and Europe; the federal Centers for Disease Control
- 10 and Prevention states that congenital heart defects are the leading
- 11 cause of infant death due to birth defects;
- 12 (3) Current methods for detecting congenital heart defects
- 13 generally include prenatal ultrasound screening and repeated
- 14 clinical examinations; while prenatal ultrasound screenings can
- 15 detect some major congenital heart defects, these screenings,
- 16 alone, identify less than half of all congenital heart defect
- 17 cases, and critical congenital heart defect cases are often missed
- 18 during routine clinical exams performed prior to a newborn's
- 19 discharge from a birthing facility;
- 20 (4) Pulse oximetry is a noninvasive test that estimates the
- 21 percentage of hemoglobin in blood that is saturated with oxygen;
- 22 when performed on a newborn a minimum of twenty-four hours after
- 23 birth, pulse oximetry screening is often more effective at
- 24 detecting critical, life-threatening congenital heart defects which

- 1 otherwise go undetected by current screening methods; newborns with
- 2 abnormal pulse oximetry results require immediate confirmatory
- 3 testing and intervention; and
- 4 (5) Many newborn lives could potentially be saved by earlier
- 5 detection and treatment of congenital heart defects if birthing
- 6 facilities in the state were required to perform this simple,
- 7 noninvasive newborn screening in conjunction with current
- 8 congenital heart defect screening methods.
- 9 §16-44-2. Pulse oximetry screening required; definition; rules.
- 10 (a) The Commissioner of the Bureau for Public Health shall
- 11 require each birthing facility licensed by the Department of Health
- 12 and Human Resources to perform a pulse oximetry screening on every
- 13 newborn in its care, a minimum of twenty-four hours after birth.
- 14 (b) As used in this article, "birthing facility" means an
- 15 inpatient or ambulatory health care facility licensed by the
- 16 Department of Health and Human Resources that provides birthing and
- 17 newborn care services.
- 18 (c) The commissioner shall adopt procedural rules and propose
- 19 legislative rules for legislative approval, in accordance with the
- 20 provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code,
- 21 that are necessary to carry out the purposes of this article.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to require each birthing facility licensed by the Department of Health and Human Resources to perform a pulse oximetry screening for congenital birth defects

on every newborn in its care, a minimum of 24 hours after birth.

This article is new; therefore, it has been completely underscored.